Safety Data Sheet



HYDRATED LIME

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

| Product Name | HYDRATED LIME |
|----------------------|--|
| Supplier Name | ADELAIDE BRIGHTON CEMENT LTD ABN 96 007 870 199 |
| Address | 62 Elder Road, Birkenhead, SA 5015 |
| Manufacturing Plant | Angaston Works, Stockwell Road, Angaston, SA 5333 |
| Telephone | 08 8300 0300 |
| Emergency | Bus Hrs 08 8300 0300 A/Hrs 08 8300 0530 |
| Email | customerservice@adbri.com.au |
| Web Site | www.adelaidebrighton.com.au |
| Synonym(s) Use(s) | CALCIUM HYDROXIDE, SLAKED LIME, LIME HYDRATE, CALCIUM HYDRATE. Applications such as neutralising agent in water and sewage treatment, a binder in mortars and renders, and soil stabilisation. |

Category 2

Category 1

Category 3

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product is classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria. Not classified as a dangerous good by the criteria of the ADG code, IMDG or IATA.

GHS Classifications

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure):

| SIGNAL | WORD |
|----------|------|
| Pictogra | ms |

DANGER





Hazard statements

| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
|------|-----------------------------------|
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |

Prevention statements

| P261 | Avoid breathing dust. |
|------|--|
| P264 | Wash skin thoroughly after handling. |
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |

Response statements

| P302 + P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. |
|--------------------|---|
| P304 + P340 | IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. |
| P305 + P351 + P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if |
| | present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P310 | Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. |
| P332 + P313 | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P362 | Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. |

Disposal statements

| UN No | None Allocated | Hazchem Code | None Allocated | Pka Group | No |
|-------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|----|
| P501 | Dispose of co | ontents/container in ac | cordance with releva | nt regulations. | |

| UN No | None Allocated | Hazchem Code | None Allocated | Pkg Group | None Allocated |
|----------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------|
| DG Class | None Allocated | Subsidiary Risk(s) | None Allocated | EPG | None Allocated |

| Status: Approved | Dept: Sales & Marketing | Revision: 11 | Issued: 8 March 2022 | Supersedes R10 15 June 2017 | Page 1 of 6 |
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3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Ingredient | Formula | Conc. | CAS No. |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| CALCIUM HYDROXIDE | Ca(OH) $_2$ | 85 - 95% | 1305-62-0 |
| MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE | Mg(OH) $_2$ | 0.5 - 1.5% | 1309-42-8 |
| CRYSTALLINE SILICA (QUARTZ) | SiO $_2$ | 0.5 - 4% | 14808-60-7 |
| ALUMINIUM OXIDE | Al $_2$ O $_3$ | 0 - 1.5% | 1344-28-1 |
| ALUMINIUM OXIDE | Al ₂ O ₃ | 0 - 1.5% | 1344-28-1 |
| IRON (III) OXIDE | Fe ₂ O ₃ | 0 - 1% | 1309-37-1 |
| LIMESTONE | CaCO ₃ | 0 - 2% | 1317-65-3 |

• Loss on Ignition accounts for missing concentration

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- **Eye** Flush thoroughly with flowing water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention if symptoms persist. If a lime slurry is splashed into the eyes flush thoroughly for 15 minutes then seek urgent medical attention.
- **Inhalation** Remove from dusty area to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
- **Skin** Promptly wipe material off skin being sure not to generate dust. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash skin thoroughly with copious amounts of water.
- **Ingestion** Rinse mouth and lips with water. Do not induce vomiting. Give water to drink to dilute stomach contents. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
- Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Contact Poisons Information Centre (131126 Australia wide).
- First Aid Facilities Eye wash station.

Additional Information - Aggravated Medical Conditions

- Inhalation Inhalation of dust through prolonged, repeated exposure can cause bronchitis, silicosis (scarring of the lung.) It may also increase the risk of scleroderma (a disease affecting the connective tissue of the skin, joints, blood vessels and internal organs) and lung cancer. Epidemiological studies have shown that smoking increases the risk of bronchitis, silicosis (scaring of the lung) and lung cancer.
- **Skin** Irritating to the skin. Repeated skin contact with Hydrated Lime can cause irritant dermatitis or alkaline burns.
- **Eye** Irritating to the eye. If a large volume of lime dust (or slurry) is splashed into the eye alkaline burns can cause permanent damage.

5. FIRE FIGHTING

| Flammability | Non flammable. Does not cause dust explosions. Violent reaction with maleic anhydride, |
|--------------------|--|
| | nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffin, nitroproprane, phosphorous and oxidants. |
| Fire and Explosion | Non flammable. No fire or explosion hazard exists. |
| Extinguishing | Non flammable. |
| Hazchem Code | None. |



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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SpillageIf spilt (bulk), contact emergency services if appropriate. Wear dust-proof goggles,
PVC/rubber gloves, a Class P2 respirator (where an inhalation risk exists), coveralls and
rubber boots. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Prevent spill entering drains or
waterways. Collect and place in sealable containers for disposal or reuse. Avoid generating
dust. Materials should be neutralised with dilute hydrochloric acid, eg 6M, before disposal.

EmergencyFollow safety requirements for personal protection under Section 8 Exposure Controls/ProceduresPersonal Protection.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- **Storage** Concrete or steel bins and silos or plastic lined paper sacks are the recommended forms of storage. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from moisture, oxidising agents (eg phosphorous oxide), acids, ethanol, interhalogens (eg chlorine trifluoride) and foodstuffs. Ensure packages are adequately labelled, protected from physicical damage, and sealed when not in use. Also store removed from maleic anhydride, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffin, nitropropane, phosphorus, polychlorinated phenols and potassium nitrate.
- **Handling** Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

Property/ Refer to Section 13.

Environmental

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation Avoid generating dust. All work with Hydrated Lime should be carried out in such a way as to minimise exposure to dust and repeated skin contact. Where dust could be generated whilst handling Hydrated Lime, use local mechanical ventilation or extraction in areas where dust could escape into the work environment. For bulk deliveries, closed pumping systems are recommended. For handling of individual bags, follow personal protection instructions if no local exhaust ventilation is available.

| Exposure Standards | ALUMINIUM OXIDE (1344-28-1) ES-TWA: 10 mg/m ³ (Respirable Dust) CALCIUM CARBONATE (1317-85-3) ES-TWA: 10 mg/m ³ (Respirable Dust) CALCIUM OXIDE (1305-78-8) ES-TWA: 2 mg/m ³ (Respirable Dust; Alkaline) IRON (III) OXIDE (1309-37-1) ES-TWA: 5 mg/m ³ (Respirable Dust) MAGNESIUM OXIDE (1309-48-4) ES-TWA: 10 mg/m ³ (Respirable Dust) SILICA, CRYSTALLINE – QUARTZ (14808-60-7) ES-TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ (Respirable Dust) Under Model WHS Law adopted in most Australian jurisdictions. |
|-----------------------|--|
| PPE | Wear dust-proof goggles and rubber or PVC gloves. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P2 respirator. If there is potential for prolonged and/or excessive skin contact, wear coveralls. At high dust levels, wear a Class P3 respirator or a Powered Air Purifying Respirator (PAPR) with Class P3 filter. |



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | A white or off-white amorphous powder with a typical fineness of less than 1% retained on a 75 micron sieve. | Solubility (water) | Slightly |
|---|--|--|--|
| Odour pH Vapour Pressure | Slight Odour Approximately 12 Not Available | Specific Gravity % Volatiles Flammability Flash Point | 2.1 to 2.3 Not Available Non Flammable |
| Vapour Density Boiling Point/Melting Point | Not Available Decomposes to Calcium Oxide and water @580°C | Upper Explosion Limit | Not Relevant Not Relevant |
| | | Lower Explosion Limit | Not Relevant |
| Evaporation Rate | Not Available | Autoignition Temperature | Not Available |
| Bulk Density Particle Size | 300 - 700 kg/m ³ 99% < 75 microns | • | |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg phosphorus oxide), ethanol, interhalogens (eg chlorine trifluoride) and acids. Also incompatible with maleic anhydride, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffin, nitropropane, phosphorus, polychlorinated phenols and potassium nitrate.

Decomposition May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition. **Products**

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- **Acute Toxicity** No known toxicity data available for this product.
- **Eye** Irritant upon contact with dust. Over exposure may result in pain, redness, corneal burns and ulceration with possible permanent damage.
- **Inhalation** Slightly corrosive. Irritating to the respiratory system causing coughing and sneezing. Over exposure may result in severe mucous membrane irritation and bronchitis. Crystalline silica (found in this product below the reportable limit) can cause silicosis (lung disease) with chronic over exposure, however due to low levels present and product application, adverse health effects are not anticipated.
- **Skin** Irritating to the skin. Contact may results in skin rash, dermatitis and possible burns.
- **Ingestion** Slightly corrosive. Ingestion may result in burns to the mouth and throat, with vomiting and abdominal pain. Due to product form, ingestion is not considered a likely exposure route.
- **Mutagenicity** Insufficient data available for this product to classify as a mutagen.
- **Carcinogenicity** Crystalline silica is carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1), however due to low levels present and product application, the criteria for classification is not met.
- Toxicity DataCALCIUM HYDROXIDE (1305-62-0)
LD50 (Ingestion): 7300 mg/kg (mouse)MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE (1309-43-8)
LD50 (Ingestion): 8500 mg/kg (rat, mouse)SILICA, CRYSTALLINE QUARTZ (1408-60-7)
Carcinogenicity: Classified as a human carcinogen (IARC Group 1)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION





Environment The aquatic toxicity of calcium hydroxide is due to its alkalinity. It is neutralised to calcium carbonate by absorption of atmospheric carbon dioxide and is not degraded by oxidation. Calcium hydroxide does not bioaccumulate in the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste DisposalReuse or recycle where possible. Alternatively, ensure product is covered with moist soil to
prevent dust generation and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the
manufacturer for additional information.LegislationDispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Keep out of sewer and stormwater
drains.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as a dangerous good by the criteria of the ADG Code.

Transport is by rail or road in bulk or bag form.

Drivers of trucks transporting bagged product should ensure that the bags are properly restrained.

| Shipping Name | None Allocated | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|
| UN No | None Allocated | Hazchem Code | None Allocated | Pkg Group | None Allocated |
| DG Class | None Allocated | Subsidiary Risk(s) | None Allocated | EPG | None Allocated |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

| Poison | A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the |
|----------|---|
| Schedule | Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP). |
| AICS | All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS). |

16. OTHER INFORMATION

AdditionalIARC - GROUP 1 - PROVEN HUMAN CARCINOGEN. This product contains an ingredient for
which there is sufficient evidence to have been classified by the International Agency for
Research into Cancer as a human carcinogen. The use of products known to be human
carcinogens should be strictly monitored and controlled.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The Recommendation for protective equipment contained within this SDS report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare an SDS report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

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ABBREVIATIONS: SDS - Safety Data Sheet mg/m³ – Milligrams per cubic metre ppm – Parts Per Million ES-TWA – Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average CNS - Central Nervous System NOS - Not Otherwise Specified pH – relates to hydrogen ion concentration – this value will relate to a scale of 0 - 14, where 0 is highly acidic and 14 is highly alkaline. CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service Number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds. IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer. M – Moles per litre, a unit of concentration. **Report Status** This document has been compiled by Adelaide Brighton Cement the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet. While the information in this Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in good faith, Adelaide Brighton Cement Limited does not warrant that the information is accurate, complete or up to date. **Contact Point** For further information on this product contact: Telephone: Office hours 08 8300 0300 After hours 08 8300 0530 Web site: www.adelaidebrighton.com.au **Advice Note** The information in this document is believed to be accurate. Please check the currency of this SDS by contacting: 08 8300 0300 or www.adelaidebrighton.com.au Each user of any information, or any product referred to, in this Safety Data Sheet must: determine whether the information or product is suitable for their purpose; assess and control any risks associated with the information or product; and obtain professional advice in relation to the use of the information or product. To the extent permitted by law, Adelaide Brighton Cement Limited: excludes all representations, warranties and guarantees in relation to any information in this Safety Data Sheet; and

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