**Safety Data Sheet** 

# QUICKLIME

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name Supplier Name Address	QUICKLIME ADELAIDE BRIGHTON CEMENT LTD T/A ADBRI CEMENT SA ABN 96 007 870 199 62 Elder Road, Birkenhead, SA 5015
-	Angaston Works, Stockwell Road, Angaston, SA 5333
Telephone	08 8300 0300
Emergency	Bus Hrs 08 8300 0300 A/Hrs 08 8300 0530
Email	customerservice@adbri.com.au
Web Site	www.adbricement.com.au
Synonym(s)	CALCIUM OXIDE, CALCIUM MONOXIDE, UNSLAKED LIME, BURNT LIME, ROCK LIME, FLUXING LIME.
Use(s)	Quicklime is used as a flux in the steel industry and in the production/recovery of aluminium, magnesium, uranium gold and silver. It is used to make chemicals such as sodium alkalis, calcium hypochlorite and petrochemicals. It is a strong neutralising chemicle, and is used in soil drying and stabilisation.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product is classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria. Only classified as a dangerous good by the criteria of the ADG code when transported by air.

## **GHS Classifications**

SIGNAL WORD Pictograms

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure):

Category	2
Category	1
Category	3





# **Hazard statements**

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

## **Prevention statements**

P261	Avoid breathing dust.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### **Response statements**

P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

## **Disposal statements**

P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

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UN No	1910	Hazchem Code	4W	Pkg Group	III
DG Class	8	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated	EPG	None Allocated
3. COMPC	SITION/INFORM	IATION ON INGREDIE	NTS		
Ingredient		Formula	Conc.	CAS	No.
CALCIUM OXID	DE	CaO	90 - 95%	130	5-78-8
MAGNESIUM C	XIDE	MgO	0.5 - 1.5%	130	9-48-4
CRYSTALLINE	SILICA (QUARTZ)	SiO <sub>2</sub>	1 - 4%	148	08-60-7
		0.00			
LIMESTONE		CaCO <sub>3</sub>	0 – 2%	131	7-65-3
LIMESTONE ALUMINIUM O	XIDE	CaCO <sub>3</sub> Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0 - 2% 0 - 1.5%	-	7-65-3 4-28-1

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye	Flush thoroughly with flowing water for at least 15 minutes and medical attention if
	symptoms persist. If a lime slurry is splashed into the eyes flush thoroughly for 15 minutes
	then seek urgent medical attention.

# **Inhalation** Remove from dusty area to fresh air. If s ymptoms persist, seek medical attention.

- Skin Promptly wipe material off skin being sure not to generate dust. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash skin thoroughly with copious amounts of water.
- IngestionRinse mouth and lips with water. Do not induce vomiting. Give water to drink to dilute<br/>stomach contents. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
- **Advice to Doctor** Treat symptomatically. Contact Poisons Information Centre (131126 Australia wide).
- First Aid Facilities Eye wash station.

## Additional Information - Aggravated Medical Conditions

- Inhalation Inhalation of dust through prolonged, repeated exposure can cause membrane irritation, bronchitis, pneumonia, silicosis (scarring of the lung.) It may also increase the risk of scleroderma (a disease affecting the connective tissue of the skin, joints, blood vessels and internal organs) and lung cancer. Epidemiological studies have shown that smoking increases the risk of bronchitis, silicosis (scaring of the lung) and lung cancer in those exposed to crystalline silica.
- **Skin** Irritating to the skin. Prolonged and repeated skin contact with Quicklime can cause irritant dermatitis.
- **Eye** Irritating to the eye. If a large volume of lime dust (or slurry) is splashed into the eye alkaline burns can cause permanent damage.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING

Flammability	Not flammable. Does not support combustion of other materials, but on contact with water or acids may generate sufficient heat to ignite surrounding materials. DO NOT USE WATER for fire fighting. USE DRY CHEMICAL OR CO <sub>2</sub> TYPE EXTINGUISHERS.
Fire and Explosion	Non flammable. No fire or explosion hazard exists.
Extinguishing	Non flammable.
Hazchem Code	None Allocated.



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# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- **Spillage** If spilt (bulk), contact emergency services if appropriate. Wear dust-proof goggles, PVC/rubber gloves, a Class P2 respirator (where an inhalation risk exists), coveralls and rubber boots. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Prevent spill entering drains or waterways. Collect and place in sealable containers for disposal or reuse. Avoid generating dust. Quicklime should be slowly hydrated by SLOW addition to water then neutralised with dilute Hydrochloric Acid eg 6M, before disposal.
- EmergencyFollow safety requirements for personal protection under Section 8 Exposure Controls/ProceduresPersonal Protection.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- StorageSteel silos and airtight rail or road tankers are the usual forms of storage and transport.<br/>Common storage and handling equipment must NOT be used for Quicklime. Enclosed<br/>conveyors with extraction equipment and dust collection are required for safe handling.<br/>Quicklime must NOT come into contact with materials containing water or water of<br/>crystallisation, eg copper, alum, ferric sulphates. Quicklime must be kept away from<br/>moisture, steam, acid or acid fumes to prevent violent reactions.
- **Handling** Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

Property/ Refer to Section 13.

Environmental

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Ventilation** Avoid generating dust. All work with Quicklime should be carried out in such a way as to minimise exposure to dust and repeated skin contact. Where dust could be generated whilst handling Quicklime, use local mechanical ventilation or extraction in areas where dust could escape into the work environment. For bulk deliveries, closed pumping systems are recommended.

Exposure Standards	ALUMINIUM OXIDE (1344-28-1) ES-TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> CALCIUM CARBONATE (1317-85-3) ES-TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> CALCIUM OXIDE (1305-78-8) ES-TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IRON (III) OXIDE (1309-37-1) ES-TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> MAGNESIUM OXIDE (1309-48-4) ES-TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	ES-TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> SILICA, CRYSTALLINE – QUARTZ (14808-60-7) ES-TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Respirable Dust). Under Model WHS Law adopted in most Australian jurisdictions.



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PPE

Wear dust-proof goggles and rubber or PVC gloves. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P2 respirator. If there is potential for prolonged and/or excessive skin contact, wear coveralls. At high dust levels, wear a Class P3 respirator or a Powered Air Purifying Respirator (PAPR) with Class P3 filter.



#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES 9.

### Appearance

Odour pН Vapour Pressure Vapour Density **Boiling Point Melting Point** Evaporation Rate **Bulk Density** Particle Size

Granular off-white amorphous powder Slight Odour Approximately 12 Not Available Not Available 2850°c 2570°C Not Available 950 - 1050 kg/m<sup>3</sup> 50% < 75 microns

#### Solubility (water)

**Specific Gravity** % Volatiles Flammability **Flash Point Upper Explosion Limit Lower Explosion Limit** Autoignition Temperature

Sparingly soluble, reacts vigorously with water 3.2 to 3.4 Not Available Non Flammable Not Relevant Not Relevant Not Relevant Not Available

#### **STABILITY AND REACTIVITY** 10.

Incompatible with hydrofluoric acid (violently) and phosphorus pentoxide. Reactivity Reacts (potentially vigorously) with water generating heat and evolving calcium hydroxide.

#### Decomposition May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

Products

#### **TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 11.

Acute Toxicity	No known toxicity data available for this product.
Еуе	Corrosive. Severe irritant upon contact with powder/dust. Over exposure may result in pain, redness, corneal burns and ulceration with possible permanent damage.
Inhalation	Corrosive. Over exposure to powder – dust (when mixing) may result in severe mucous membrane irritation of nose and throat, coughing and bronchitis at high levels.
Skin	Irritating and drying to skin. May cause alkaline burns and irritant or allergic dermatitis.
Ingestion	Corrosive. Ingestion may result in ulceration and burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and diarrhoea.
Mutagenicity	Insufficient data available for this product to classify as a mutagen.
Carcinogenicity	Crystalline silica is carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1), however due to low levels present and product application, the criteria for classification is not met.
Toxicity Data	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE (1305-62-0) LD50 (Ingestion): 7300 mg/kg (mouse) MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE (1309-43-8) LD50 (Ingestion): 8500 mg/kg (rat, mouse) SILICA, CRYSTALLINE – QUARTZ (1408-60-7) Carcinogenicity: Classified as a human carcinogen (IARC Group 1)



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# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Environment** Limited ecotoxicity data was available for this product at the time this report was prepared. Ensure appropriate measures are taken to prevent this product from entering the environment.

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste Disposal** For small amounts; VERY SLOWLY, hydrate (add water) and then neutralise with dilute hydrochloric acid (eg 6M HCl) to pH of 7-8. Dilute and flush to sewer or landfill. For large amounts, material can be readily recycled. Contact the manufacturer for additional information.

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Only classified as a dangerous good when transported by air (ADG Code).

Transport is by rail or road in bulk or bag form.

Drivers of trucks transporting bagged product should ensure that the bags are properly restrained.

#### IATA (INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION)

Shipping Name	Calcium Oxide				
UN No	1910	Hazchem Code	4W	Pkg Group	111
DG Class	8	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated	EPG	None Allocated

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Poison	A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the
Schedule	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).
AICS	All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional Information IARC – GROUP 1 – PROVEN HUMAN CARCINOGEN. This product contains an ingredient for which there is sufficient evidence to have been classified by the International Agency for Research into Cancer as a human carcinogen. The use of products known to be human carcinogens should be strictly monitored and controlled.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The Recommendation for protective equipment contained within this SDS report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

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	HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare an SDS report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.
	ABBREVIATIONS: SDS - Safety Data Sheet mg/m <sup>3</sup> - Milligrams per cubic metre ppm - Parts Per Million ES-TWA - Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average CNS - Central Nervous System NOS - Not Otherwise Specified pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration - this value will relate to a scale of 0 - 14, where 0 is highly acidic and 14 is highly alkaline. CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service Number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds. IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer. M - Moles per litre, a unit of concentration.
Report Status	This document has been compiled by Adelaide Brighton Cement the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet.
	While the information in this Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in good faith, Adelaide Brighton Cement Limited does not warrant that the information is accurate, complete or up to date.
Contact Point	For further information on this product contact:
	Telephone:Office hours08 8300 0300After hours08 8300 0530Web site:www.adbricement.com.au
Advice Note	The information in this document is believed to be accurate. Please check the currency of this SDS by contacting:
	08 8300 0300 or <u>www.adbricement.com.au</u>
	<ul> <li>Each user of any information, or any product referred to, in this Safety Data Sheet must:</li> <li>determine whether the information or product is suitable for their purpose;</li> <li>assess and control any risks associated with the information or product; and</li> <li>obtain professional advice in relation to the use of the information or product.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To the extent permitted by law, Adelaide Brighton Cement Limited:</li> <li>excludes all representations, warranties and guarantees in relation to any information in this Safety Data Sheet; and</li> <li>will not be liable for any direct, indirect, consequential, incidental, special or economic loss (including but not limited to any loss of actual or anticipated profits, revenue, savings, production, business, opportunity, access to markets, goodwill, reputation, publicity, or use) arising from any use of or reliance on any information in this Safety Data Sheet.</li> </ul>